MMBT2222ALT1 is a Preferred Device

General Purpose Transistors

NPN Silicon

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector–Emitter Voltage MMBT2222LT1 MMBT2222ALT1	VCEO	30 40	Vdc
Collector–Base Voltage MMBT2222LT1 MMBT2222ALT1	V _{CBO}	60 75	Vdc
Emitter–Base Voltage MMBT2222LT1 MMBT2222ALT1	VEBO	5.0 6.0	Vdc
Collector Current – Continuous	۱C	600	mAdc

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Total Device Dissipation FR-5 Board (Note 1) $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ Derate above 25°C	PD	225	mW mW/°C
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	R _θ JA	556	°C/W
Total Device Dissipation Alumina Substrate (Note 2) T _A = 25°C Derate above 25°C	PD	300 2.4	mW mW/°C
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	417	°C/W
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	TJ, T _{stg}	–55 to +150	°C

1. FR–5 = $1.0 \times 0.75 \times 0.062$ in.

2. Alumina = $0.4 \times 0.3 \times 0.024$ in. 99.5% alumina.



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http://onsemi.com





MARKING DIAGRAM



ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping
MMBT2222LT1	SOT-23	3000/Tape & Reel
MMBT2222ALT1	SOT-23	3000/Tape & Reel
MMBT2222LT3	SOT-23	10,000/Tape & Reel
MMBT2222ALT3	SOT-23	10,000/Tape & Reel

Preferred devices are recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic			Min	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS		· ·			
Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 10 \text{ mAdc}, I_B = 0$)	MMBT2222 MMBT2222A	V(BR)CEO	30 40	_ _	Vdc
Collector–Base Breakdown Voltage (I _C = 10 μ Adc, I _E = 0)	MMBT2222 MMBT2222A	V(BR)CBO	60 75		Vdc
Emitter–Base Breakdown Voltage (I _E = 10 μ Adc, I _C = 0)	MMBT2222 MMBT2222A	V(BR)EBO	5.0 6.0		Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current (V _{CE} = 60 Vdc, V _{EB(off)} = 3.0 Vdc)	MMBT2222A	ICEX	_	10	nAdc
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CB} = 50 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 0$) ($V_{CB} = 60 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 0$) ($V_{CB} = 50 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 0$, $T_A = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$) ($V_{CB} = 60 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 0$, $T_A = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$)	MMBT2222 MMBT2222A MMBT2222 MMBT2222A	ICBO	- - - -	0.01 0.01 10 10	μAdc
Emitter Cutoff Current (V _{EB} = 3.0 Vdc, I _C = 0)	MMBT2222A	IEBO	-	100	nAdc
Base Cutoff Current (V _{CE} = 60 Vdc, V _{EB(off)} = 3.0 Vdc)	MMBT2222A	I _{BL}	-	20	nAdc
ON CHARACTERISTICS					
DC Current Gain (I _C = 0.1 mAdc, V _{CE} = 10 Vdc) (I _C = 1.0 mAdc, V _{CE} = 10 Vdc) (I _C = 10 mAdc, V _{CE} = 10 Vdc) (I _C = 10 mAdc, V _{CE} = 10 Vdc, T _A = -55° C) (I _C = 150 mAdc, V _{CE} = 10 Vdc) (Note 1.) (I _C = 150 mAdc, V _{CE} = 1.0 Vdc) (Note 1.) (I _C = 500 mAdc, V _{CE} = 10 Vdc) (Note 1.)	MMBT2222A only MMBT2222	hFE	35 50 75 35 100 50 30	_ _ _ 300 _ _	_
Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 1.) ($I_C = 150 \text{ mAdc}, I_B = 15 \text{ mAdc}$)	MMBT2222A MMBT2222 MMBT2222A	VCE(sat)	40 _ _	- 0.4 0.3	Vdc
(I _C = 500 mAdc, I _B = 50 mAdc)	MMBT2222 MMBT2222A		_	1.6 1.0	
Base–Emitter Saturation Voltage (Note 1.) ($I_C = 150 \text{ mAdc}, I_B = 15 \text{ mAdc}$)	MMBT2222 MMBT2222A	V _{BE(sat)}	_ 0.6	1.3 1.2	Vdc
(I _C = 500 mAdc, I _B = 50 mAdc)	MMBT2222 MMBT2222A		- -	2.6 2.0	

1. Pulse Test: Pulse Width \leq 300 µs, Duty Cycle \leq 2.0%.

SMALL-SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS

Current–Gain – Bandwidth Product (Note 2.) (I _C = 20 mAdc, V _{CE} = 20 Vdc, f = 100 MHz)	MMBT2222 MMBT2222A	fT	250 300		MHz
Output Capacitance (V _{CB} = 10 Vdc, I _E = 0, f = 1.0 MHz)		C _{obo}	_	8.0	pF
Input Capacitance (V _{EB} = 0.5 Vdc, I_C = 0, f = 1.0 MHz)	MMBT2222 MMBT2222A	C _{ibo}		30 25	pF
Input Impedance (I _C = 1.0 mAdc, V_{CE} = 10 Vdc, f = 1.0 kHz) (I _C = 10 mAdc, V_{CE} = 10 Vdc, f = 1.0 kHz)	MMBT2222A MMBT2222A	h _{ie}	2.0 0.25	8.0 1.25	kΩ
Voltage Feedback Ratio (I _C = 1.0 mAdc, V_{CE} = 10 Vdc, f = 1.0 kHz) (I _C = 10 mAdc, V_{CE} = 10 Vdc, f = 1.0 kHz)	MMBT2222A MMBT2222A	h _{re}		8.0 4.0	X 10 ⁻⁴
Small–Signal Current Gain (I _C = 1.0 mAdc, V_{CE} = 10 Vdc, f = 1.0 kHz) (I _C = 10 mAdc, V_{CE} = 10 Vdc, f = 1.0 kHz)	MMBT2222A MMBT2222A	h _{fe}	50 75	300 375	-
Output Admittance (I _C = 1.0 mAdc, V_{CE} = 10 Vdc, f = 1.0 kHz) (I _C = 10 mAdc, V_{CE} = 10 Vdc, f = 1.0 kHz)	MMBT2222A MMBT2222A	h _{OE}	5.0 25	35 200	μmhos
Collector Base Time Constant (I _E = 20 mAdc, V_{CB} = 20 Vdc, f = 31.8 MHz)	MMBT2222A	rb, C _C	-	150	ps
Noise Figure (I _C = 100 μ Adc, V _{CE} = 10 Vdc, R _S = 1.0 kΩ, f = 1.0 kHz)	MMBT2222A	NF	_	4.0	dB

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (MMBT2222A only)

Delay Time	(V _{CC} = 30 Vdc, V _{BE(off)} = -0.5 Vdc,	^t d	_	10	
Rise Time	$I_{C} = 150 \text{ mAdc}, I_{B1} = 15 \text{ mAdc})$	tr	_	25	ns
Storage Time	$(V_{CC} = 30 \text{ Vdc}, I_{C} = 150 \text{ mAdc},$	t _S	_	225	
Fall Time	$I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mAdc}$	t _f	-	60	ns

2. f_{T} is defined as the frequency at which $|h_{fe}|$ extrapolates to unity.

SWITCHING TIME EQUIVALENT TEST CIRCUITS



Figure 1. Turn-On Time

Figure 2. Turn–Off Time



Figure 4. Collector Saturation Region





Figure 11. "On" Voltages

Figure 12. Temperature Coefficients

INFORMATION FOR USING THE SOT-23 SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the semiconductor packages must be the correct size to insure proper solder connection interface between the board and the package. With the correct pad geometry, the packages will self align when subjected to a solder reflow process.





SOT-23 POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation of the SOT–23 is a function of the pad size. This can vary from the minimum pad size for soldering to a pad size given for maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation for a surface mount device is determined by $T_{J(max)}$, the maximum rated junction temperature of the die, $R_{\theta JA}$, the thermal resistance from the device junction to ambient, and the operating temperature, T_A . Using the values provided on the data sheet for the SOT–23 package, P_D can be calculated as follows:

$$P_{D} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R_{\theta}JA}$$

The values for the equation are found in the maximum ratings table on the data sheet. Substituting these values into the equation for an ambient temperature T_A of 25°C, one can calculate the power dissipation of the device which in this case is 225 milliwatts.

$$P_{D} = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{556^{\circ}C/W} = 225 \text{ milliwatts}$$

The 556°C/W for the SOT–23 package assumes the use of the recommended footprint on a glass epoxy printed circuit board to achieve a power dissipation of 225 milliwatts. There are other alternatives to achieving higher power dissipation from the SOT–23 package. Another alternative would be to use a ceramic substrate or an aluminum core board such as Thermal Clad[™]. Using a board material such as Thermal Clad, an aluminum core board, the power dissipation can be doubled using the same footprint.

SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS

The melting temperature of solder is higher than the rated temperature of the device. When the entire device is heated to a high temperature, failure to complete soldering within a short time could result in device failure. Therefore, the following items should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

- Always preheat the device.
- The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should be 100°C or less.*
- When preheating and soldering, the temperature of the leads and the case must not exceed the maximum temperature ratings as shown on the data sheet. When using infrared heating with the reflow soldering method, the difference shall be a maximum of 10°C.
- The soldering temperature and time shall not exceed 260°C for more than 10 seconds.
- When shifting from preheating to soldering, the maximum temperature gradient shall be 5°C or less.
- After soldering has been completed, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes. Gradual cooling should be used as the use of forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
- Mechanical stress or shock should not be applied during cooling.

* Soldering a device without preheating can cause excessive thermal shock and stress which can result in damage to the device.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOT-23 (TO-236) CASE 318-08 ISSUE AF



NOTES:

 DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

 MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH THICKNESS. MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BASE MATERIAL.

	INCHES		MILLIN	IETERS
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.1102	0.1197	2.80	3.04
В	0.0472	0.0551	1.20	1.40
С	0.0350	0.0440	0.89	1.11
D	0.0150	0.0200	0.37	0.50
G	0.0701	0.0807	1.78	2.04
Н	0.0005	0.0040	0.013	0.100
J	0.0034	0.0070	0.085	0.177
К	0.0140	0.0285	0.35	0.69
L	0.0350	0.0401	0.89	1.02
S	0.0830	0.1039	2.10	2.64
٧	0.0177	0.0236	0.45	0.60

STYLE 6: PIN 1. BASE

2. EMITTER 3. COLLECTOR

3. COLLECION

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