MOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA





6-Pin DIP Random-Phase **Optoisolators Triac Driver Output** (250 Volts Peak)

The MOC3010 Series consists of gallium arsenide infrared emitting diodes, optically coupled to silicon bilateral switch and are designed for applications requiring isolated triac triggering, low-current isolated ac switching, high electrical isolation (to 7500 Vac peak), high detector standoff voltage, small size, and low cost.

To order devices that are tested and marked per VDE 0884 requirements, the suffix "V" must be included at end of part number. VDE 0884 is a test option.

Recommended for 115 Vac(rms) Applications:

- Solenoid/Valve Controls
- Lamp Ballasts
- Interfacing Microprocessors to 115 Vac Peripherals .
- Motor Controls
- Static ac Power Switch
- Solid State Relays
- Incandescent Lamp Dimmers

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_{\Delta} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
INFRARED EMITTING DIODE	I		
Reverse Voltage	VR	3	Volts
Forward Current — Continuous	١ _F	60	mA
Total Power Dissipation @ T _A = 25°C Negligible Power in Transistor	PD	100	mW
Derate above 25°C		1.33	mW/°C
OUTPUT DRIVER			
Off-State Output Terminal Voltage	VDRM	250	Volts
Peak Repetitive Surge Current (PW = 1 ms, 120 pps)	ITSM	1	A
Total Power Dissipation @ T _A = 25°C Derate above 25°C	PD	300 4	mW mW/°C
TOTAL DEVICE	-		
Isolation Surge Voltage(1) (Peak ac Voltage, 60 Hz, 1 Second Duration)	VISO	7500	Vac(pk)
Total Power Dissipation @ T _A = 25°C Derate above 25°C	PD	330 4.4	mW mW/°C
Junction Temperature Range	Тј	-40 to +100	°C
Ambient Operating Temperature Range ⁽²⁾	TA	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range(2)	Tere	40 to 1150	°C



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(I eak ac vollage, of fiz, I Second Duration)			
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Junction Temperature Range	ТJ	-40 to +100	°C
Ambient Operating Temperature Range ⁽²⁾	TA	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range ⁽²⁾	T _{stg}	-40 to +150	°C
Soldering Temperature (10 s)	ΤL	260	°C

1. Isolation surge voltage, VISO, is an internal device dielectric breakdown rating. For this test, Pins 1 and 2 are common, and Pins 4, 5 and 6 are common.

2. Refer to Quality and Reliability Section in Opto Data Book for information on test conditions.

Preferred devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
NPUT LED		•				
Reverse Leakage Current (V _R = 3 V)		IR	—	0.05	100	μΑ
Forward Voltage (I _F = 10 mA)		VF	_	1.15	1.5	Volts
DUTPUT DETECTOR ($I_F = 0$ unless otherwise note	d)					
Peak Blocking Current, Either Direction (Rated V _{DRM} ⁽¹⁾)		IDRM	_	10	100	nA
Peak On–State Voltage, Either Direction (I _{TM} = 100 mA Peak)		VTM	_	1.8	3	Volts
Critical Rate of Rise of Off-State Voltage (Figure 7	, Note 2)	dv/dt	_	10	_	V/µs
COUPLED		•				
LED Trigger Current, Current Required to Latch O (Main Terminal Voltage = 3 V ⁽³⁾)	utput MOC3010 MOC3011 MOC3012	IFT		8 5 3	15 10 5	mA
Holding Current, Either Direction		Чн	_	100	—	μA

1. Test voltage must be applied within dv/dt rating.

2. This is static dv/dt. See Figure 7 for test circuit. Commutating dv/dt is a function of the load-driving thyristor(s) only.

3. All devices are guaranteed to trigger at an I_F value less than or equal to max I_{FT}. Therefore, recommended operating I_F lies between max I_{FT} (15 mA for MOC3010, 10 mA for MOC3011, 5 mA for MOC3012) and absolute max I_F (60 mA).

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$







Figure 2. On–State Characteristics

NORMALIZED TO:

 $PW_{in} \ge 100 \,\mu s$

50

100





Figure 4. LED Current Required to Trigger versus **LED Pulse Width**

10

PWin, LED TRIGGER WIDTH (µs)

20

5



Figure 5. dv/dt versus Temperature



pulse to the D.U.T. 2. 100x scope probes are used, to allow high speeds and

- voltages. 3. The worst-case condition for static dv/dt is established by
- triggering the D.U.T. with a normal LED input current, then removing the current. The variable $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{TEST}}$ allows the dv/dt to be gradually increased until the D.U.T. continues to trigger in response to the applied voltage pulse, even after the LED current has been removed. The dv/dt is then decreased until the D.U.T. stops triggering. τ_{RC} is measured at this point and recorded.



TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

NOTE: This optoisolator should not be used to drive a load directly. It is intended to be a trigger device only. Additional information on the use of the MOC3010/3011/3012 is available in Application Note AN–780A.



Figure 7. Resistive Load







Figure 9. Inductive Load with Non–Sensitive Gate Triac (15 mA $\,<\,$ IGT $\,<\,$ 50 mA)

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS







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